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BOONE, WATAUGA COUNTY, N. C. THURSDAY AUGUST 25, 1921.

NO 44

TO REMOVE TAX ON GERMAN AGREEMENT A REAL BUILDING PATENT MEDICINES HAS NEW FEATURES

MORE THAN SIXTY CHANGES HAVE BEEN MADE IN REPUBLICAN TAX BILL.

CORPORATION GIFTS EXEMPT

A Principal Amendment Provides for the Creation of a Tax Investigating Commission.

Washington.—Elimination of taxes on proprietary medicines was agreed upon by the House ways and means committee, which approved more than sixty changes in the Republican tax bill. The majority also approved an amendment exempting from taxation corporation donations made to charity provided they do not exceed four per cent of the corporation's net income. Under another change the proposed five per cent manufacturers' tax to be substituted for the so-called luxury and nuisance taxes would not apply on goods already contracted for. One of the principal amendments approved by the whole committee provides for creation of a tax investigating commission which would inquire into the effect upon the federal revenues of tax exempt state and municipal securities.

Want Workers Against Tobacco.

San Francisco.—A million workers are needed to aid in the anti-tobacco educational program for the youth of America and other projects, Miss Anna A. Gordon, of Evansville, Ill., national president of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, declared in her annual address at the opening of the forty-eighth national convention of the organization here.

Craft Shop Rules Approved.

Chicago.—The United States railroad labor board approved in effect the seven shop craft rules relating to overtime payment, as provided in the national agreement of the wartime railroad administration, but directed that the railroad need not pay overtime for absolutely necessary work performed on Sunday and holidays.

Curzon Has Made Best Offer.

London.—Lord Curzon, the secretary for foreign affairs, speaking in the House of Lords on the Irish negotiations, said the government had offered all that could be given without compromising the safety of the realm, the sovereignty of the crown and the dignity of the empire.

Gold Secured From Russia.

Constantinople.—Russian bolshevik gold valued at \$1,000,000 has arrived here during the past fortnight as a result of trade exchanges. Of this amount \$600,000 worth was brought by the United States destroyer Overton from Batum for the American Trade corporation.

Bryan Suggested as Delegate.

Montgomery, Ala.—A movement has been inaugurated here by friends of Williams Jennings Bryan to request President Harding to name Mr. Bryan as one of the members of the American commission to sit at the international conference on disarmament.

Crits Senate Appropriation.

Washington.—By a vote of 28 to 22 the senate adopted an amendment to the federal road bill reducing from \$100,000,000 to \$75,000,000 the amount available for construction in the next year.

First Bale Brought 19 Cents.

Charleston, S. C.—A bid of 19 cents bought at auction the first bale of this season's cotton arriving here. It was sent from Allendale.

Money for Road Building.

Washington.—The Federal aid road bill, appropriating \$75,000,000 for construction, one-third of which would be immediately available, was passed by the senate.

Chemical Schedule is Revised.

Washington.—Railroads must share with the farmers and others the burden of the present economic situation by reducing freight rates on chemicals, Secretary Wallace said.

Secretary of Merchants' Association.

Richmond, Va.—A. L. M. Wiggins, of Hartsville, S. C., was elected to succeed Murray S. McKinley, also of Hartsville, as president of the Southern Retail Merchants' association at the closing of its annual convention here.

A TEMPORARY AGREEMENT THAT MAY NOT BE PRESENTED TO THE SENATE AT ALL.

ABSOLUTE SECRECY IS ASKED

The Agreement or Protocol Projected Will Merely Form the Basis of a Formal Treaty Hereafter.

Washington.—A special agreement in the nature of a protocol will precede the formal negotiations of a treaty of peace with Germany.

This agreement may not be submitted to the Senate. It will be a sort of *modus vivendi*, or temporary arrangement which will permit commercial relations with Germany to be resumed immediately and enable the President to issue his long-delayed proclamation of peace.

The agreement will be brief in its character and along general lines. It will preserve America's rights under the armistice and subsequent treaties closing the European war and will form the basis for a formal treaty eventually to be negotiated.

The United States government has made a special request of the German government that the exchanges with that government with respect to the agreement shall be kept absolutely secret. The reason for the injunction of secrecy is not divulged here.

Members of the senate foreign relations committee have learned informally of the progress of the exchanges between the German government and our state department.

League Court Will Be Organized.

Geneva.—Creation of the permanent court of international justice is assured, it is announced here. The secretariat of the league of nations has been informed that Spain and Haiti will soon deposit their ratifications of the agreement to establish the court, and when they are received the number of nations which have deposited ratification will have reached 24, the requisite number.

Notice by British Government.

Washington.—Formal notice that it cannot recognize jurisdiction of the United States over the high seas beyond the three mile limit fixed by international law for many years, has been served by the British government in connection with the seizure of 12 miles off the Long Island coast of the British schooner *Marshall*, reported to have been laden with liquor.

Bond Issue Being Discussed.

Winston-Salem.—The aldermen are considering the question of calling an election to vote on the question of a million dollar bond issue for school purposes. Before calling it, existing conditions will be submitted to the citizens through the press. The proposition provides for three new school buildings for white pupils and additions to present building, as well completion of plans for a big central school building for colored children and additions to all colored school buildings.

Money For Financing Exports.

Washington.—An application for an advance of \$5,000,000 to the Citizens and Southern Bank of Savannah, Ga., for financing exports was approved by the war finance corporation at its last meeting.

Half Million Fire Loss.

Kansas City, Mo.—Damage estimated at approximately \$500,000 was caused here when the large plant of the Kellay Milling company, located in an east side industrial district, was destroyed by fire.

Capture of General Navarro.

Madrid.—According to advices from Melilla General Navarro, head of the column which has been surrounded by the Moors on Mount Arruita, is a prisoner in the home of the Arab chief of the Beni Chelakli.

Anti-Bear Bill in Trouble.

Washington.—Back in the home of its friends, the Willis-Campbell anti-bear bill ran into unexpected trouble in the house, with little prospect now of its final enactment prior to the recess of congress.

Remission of China's Debt.

Washington.—The bill of Senator Lodge of Massachusetts for remission of further payments by China to the United States under the Boxer rebellion indemnity treaty was passed.

A REAL BUILDING BOOM IN HICKORY

MORE THAN 100 NEW HOUSES HAVE BEEN COMPLETED IN THE LAST SIX MONTHS.

SIDEWALK AND STREET WORK

Several Small Manufacturing Plants Have Found Homes Here During the Last Twelve Months.

Hickory.—With more than 100 new homes erected in Hickory during the first six months of the present year and with many others to be built between now and winter, Hickory is experiencing the fastest growth in its history. Never before, according to local people, has there been so much construction in progress here, most of the new residences going up inside of town and the others in the suburbs. There would be even more building if the banks and building and loan associations were able to finance all demands. As it is between 115 and 125 new homes will be added before the end of the present year.

While there has been marked construction of residence houses, only a few business buildings have been put up. A few small manufacturing plants have found homes here during the year, but no new storehouses have been erected. If the Eleventh avenue development is completed a dozen business houses will be started during the winter and early spring, it is said.

There has been much sidewalk and street work done, a construction company being on the last lap of a contract calling for the expenditure of \$175,000. The municipal building and auditorium, the latter with a seating capacity of 1,200, will be ready within six weeks, it is expected.

Fayetteville.—It is settled that Fayetteville is to exist under a real "blue" regime. It having been reported to an adjourned meeting of the board of aldermen, attended by large delegations from and against the Sunday closing law, that the Kennedy amendment to the Sunday statute had really been passed by the legislature. It was announced by Mayor E. R. MacKeithan that the law will be enforced rigorously.

Winston-Salem.—Evangelist McLenon, who closed a four weeks' meeting at North Wilkesboro, received a purse of \$5,000. In addition \$3,600 was raised for expenses. Hundreds made profession of religion and thousands of church members were reclaimed. Many alleged blockaders destroyed their stills, following their conversion.

Concord.—Edgar Wallace, legislative representative of the American Federation of Labor, with headquarters in Washington, arrived in Concord for the purpose of making a careful and full investigation of the strike situation here, and also for the purpose of lending his good offices toward settling the strike.

Greensboro.—At the closing session of the fifth congress of the Southern Tariff association, resolutions urging a "fair" tariff on southern products and a continuation of the dye embargo, were unanimously adopted, and a committee to carry these resolutions to congress was authorized.

Raleigh.—Whiskey still holds high place as a cause of law violation in Raleigh, according to reports of the police department, and while there has been a reduction in the percentage of whiskey cases since March, twenty six per cent of the arrests in July were due to whiskey or its complications.

Henderson.—A big supply of toxin-antitoxin for diphtheria has been ordered by the county health department from the State Laboratory preparatory for beginning a campaign against that disease in this county before the school opens next fall.

Farmer Suffers Heavy Loss.

Spencer.—A large barn of John Humberly, near South river, was struck by lightning and burned with a loss of several thousand dollars. Besides the valuable building 10 bales of cotton, 300 bushels of wheat and several hundred bushels of corn were burned, with a large amount of feed stuff, machinery and other property. By quick work after the blaze started the horses, cattle and livestock were saved. The loss falls heavy on Mr. Humberly as he carried but little insurance.

Trustee's Report.

In transmitting to His Excellency, Cameron Morrison, Governor of North Carolina, the report of B. B. Dougherty, Supt. of the A. T. S., Capt. E. F. Lovell, Chairman of the Board of Trustees, says:

"As Chairman of the Board of Trustees of the Appalachian Training School, I herewith hand to you the report of Superintendent Dougherty, covering the eighteen years of the existence of the school. Heretofore reports have been made to the Governor and the Legislature. We are now passing through a transition period, and this report is intended to show in a nut shell the things accomplished by us since our organization.

"You will observe our first appropriation for buildings was only \$1,500, and this was conditioned upon us raising a like amount. The total amount appropriated for the plant is \$72,500. We have raised thousands of dollars from the people and have used some of the improvement fund, according to law, in the development of such a valuable plant. Superintendent Dougherty's report gives an inventory of what we have.

"The maintenance and improvement fund for eighteen years amounts to \$261,333.33—an average of but little over \$11,000 per year. With this small income we have maintained the school, teaching more than 400 students—counting the summer schools—each year. We have sent teachers into almost every county in North Carolina.

"As it will be seen, the State could sell its planthere and make a big profit. But this, after all, is not the question—it is the mighty uplift among the people, seen and felt throughout the mountain country.

To the improvement in the homes, in the public schools, in the churches, we point as the crowning efforts of our struggles here for our people.

"Thomas Jefferson dreamed of a republic where there were none very rich and none very poor. Surely he would be pleased with this part of North Carolina. Here almost every man, by his frugal habits, owns his own home, and is king around his own fireside. Among these mighty mountains, whose summits look down into the chambers of the setting sun, live a noble people, brave and happy. These mountain counties have heretofore been neglected by the State.

"I thank God we are standing in the morning light of a better day. With the railroads coming into this section, the building of well-graded roads, soon to be hard surfaced, the planting here of this fine and deservedly popular institution will make this, 'The Lost Province,' one of the most attractive sections of the commonwealth.

Tomb of Napoleon Neglected.

London.—Napoleon's original tomb on St. Helena island has fallen into a sad state of disrepair since the body was removed in state to the Invalides in Paris 81 years ago, according to a letter received by Sir Lees Knowles, a former cabinet minister, from a recent visitor to that remote island.

Lloyd George Stands by Japan.

London.—Prime Minister Lloyd George, in a statement in the House of Commons, concerning the recent conference of imperial premiers, said the conference had recognized unambiguously that Japan had loyally observed the alliance with Great Britain during the war.

Schooner Captain is Jailed.

Atlantic City, N. J.—Capt. Joseph A. Roy, master of the libeled schooner *Pocomoke*, who was arrested here on charges of smuggling liquor into this port, was sent to the county jail at Camden.

Condition of Cotton Improved. Washington.—Under the influence of 'nearly normal' temperatures, cotton improved slightly in the central and eastern sections of the belt during the past week.

Food Agreement Reached. Washington.—Complete agreement on the question of food relief for Russia has been reached at Riga, Secretary Hoover announced.

Britains to Fight Moors. London.—Publication here of news that the Spanish consulate was enrolling recruits to fight against the rebellious tribesmen in Morocco resulted in a rush of the former British soldiers to the consulate.

Retail Food Prices Higher. Washington.—Retail food prices increased 2.7 per cent in July over June prices, while the prices of wholesale foodstuffs advanced 1.5 per cent and wholesale farm products 1.75 per cent, the department of labor announced.

Ordered to Increase Rates. Washington.—Railroads of Tennessee were ordered by the Interstate commerce commission to increase by October 13 the freight rates within that state on stone and gravel for road building material, to the level in effect in interstate traffic.

Suit Goes to Federal Court. Charleston.—The suit of George E. Mew against the American Railway Express company for damages of \$30,000, has been transferred to the federal court from the state court.

Big Sale

OF DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, ETC.

SALE STARTS SEPTEMBER 10th, 1921 AND LASTS TEN DAYS

We will offer for sale our entire stock of goods at your price, not ours. We will sell you shoes worth \$15 for \$8.25; shoes worth \$8.50 at \$5.00; children's shoes from 50 cents to \$2.15; will sell you cloth worth 25 to \$1.10 per yard for 10 to 45 cents. Will sell you all 9/8 sheeting at 35 cents per yard.

We haven't space to enumerate all of the bargains but have a \$5000 stock to pick from, so come before others get the articles you want.

We will pay the top price for all your produce, eggs 25 cents, butter 20 cents, chickens to the top market.

TERMS—All goods will be sold for cash, and everyone buying as much as \$10.00 worth of goods will be given 5 pounds of sugar.

Everyone due us will take notice then, for we must collect so we will be able to meet our obligations. So come and settle and buy some goods at a low price.

SALE STARTS SEPTEMBER 10, 1921, AND LASTS TILL SEPTEMBER 20, 1921—10 days to give our friends some real bargains. Come, spend the night if you will; it won't cost you anything. Bring your friends and we will have a good time.

C. M. WATSON & SON
RUTHERWOOD, N. C.

FARM FOR SALE IN SEQUATCHIE VALLEY, TENNESSEE.

Two hundred and forty (240) acres, about 100 cleared, all level bottom land in high state of cultivation, balance in fairly good timber easily accessible for working. There is on this farm one of the finest and best homes anywhere in the county; nine room house, almost new, stone foundation with large stone basement and fire place and running water in it. Running water in house and barn piped from fine mountain spring; a very nice, finely equipped dairy barn with complete dairying outfit, including large power churn, separator, International gas engine, gristmill, corn crusher—in fact a complete outfit with running water all thru the barn. A very fine vineyard and good orchard, peaches, apples and pears. This is one among the finest homes and places to live in East Tennessee. One half mile to station, school and church, and three and one-half miles from Dunlap, the seat of Sequatchie county. Will sell this farm, together with the equipment mentioned, for \$11,000 on good terms. The improvements alone are worth the price asked. If interested kindly write me at Dunlap, Tenn.

FINE LITTLE FARM FOR SALE AT DUNLAP, TENNESSEE.

Twenty-four and one-fourth (24 1/4) acres, within half a mile of the school at Butler, Tennessee. Fourteen acres level, balance good upland, all cleared and in a high state of cultivation. Seven-room new bungalow residence and large new barn and other out buildings. The buildings alone on this place would cost more than one-half the amount asked for the farm. Every one in this country knows about Butler being one of the finest little mountain towns anywhere in the country and known everywhere as the best school town in East Tennessee. I will for immediate acceptance take \$1,250 on good terms for the place. This is certainly a bargain for some one, so don't delay investigate this proposition.

HUGH M. WAGNER, Dunlap, Tenn.

MORTGAGE SALE OF LAND.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed executed by J. P. Hodges to the undersigned mortgagee, G. A. Hodges, on the 31st day of March, 1920, which said mortgage is recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Watauga county in Book U of mortgages, on page 496, on the 28th day of June, 1920, to secure the payment of the sum of five thousand dollars cash, which is evidenced by two promissory notes for the sum of \$2,500 each, together with interest on the same from March 31, 1920, and that, whereas, there now remains due and payable on said notes the sum of \$2,900.00 and interest on the same from this date, and default having been made in the payment of said notes according to the terms and conditions as expressed in said mortgage, now, therefore, I will proceed to sell the following described lands at public auction at the court house door in the town of Boone, N. C., between the hours of 10 a. m. and 3 p. m., on the 26th day of Sept., 1921, said lands being bounded and described as follows: Lying in Boone township, Watauga county, and known as the G. A. Hodges land, containing 100 acres more or less, and contains the same land and has the same call and description as the deed from G. A. Hodges, and wife Sally, to J. P. Hodges, dated March 31, 1920, and is for the purchase money for said land. The deed above referred to contained four tracts but were all contained in one deed, and said mortgage is intended to contain and to cover all said tracts. And for a more particular description of said lands, reference is hereby made to the records of said mortgage herein before mentioned. This 18th day of August, 1921.

G. A. HODGES, Mortgagee.
W. R. LOWELL, Atty.

Dr. Speas' Infirmary
FOR EYE, EAR, NOSE,
AND THROAT
OVER HICKORY DRUG CO.
HICKORY, N. C.